REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ROBERTSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor
William M. Landrum III, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Stephanie A. Bogucki, Robertson County Judge/Executive
Honorable Billy R. Allison, Former Robertson County Judge/Executive
Members of the Robertson County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Teddy Michael Prater, CPA, PLLC, presents the financial statement of Robertson County, Kentucky, for the year ended June 30, 2015.

We engaged Teddy Michael Prater, CPA, PLLC, to perform the audit of this financial statement. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Teddy Michael Prater, CPA, PLLC, evaluated Robertson County, Kentucky's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT OF THE ROBERTSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2015

Teddy Michael Prater CPA, PLLC has completed the audit of the Robertson County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

We have issued an unmodified opinion, based on our audit, on the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of Robertson County Fiscal Court.

Financial Condition:

The Robertson County Fiscal Court had total receipts of \$1,799,920 and disbursements of \$1,560,704 in fiscal year 2015. This resulted in a total ending fund balance of \$1,054,379, which is an increase of \$239,216 from the prior year.

Report Comment:

2015-001 The General Fund Owes The Road Fund \$74,650 From Prior Years

Deposits:

The fiscal court deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of Robertson County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Robertson County Fiscal Court's financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described more fully in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by Robertson County Fiscal Court on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Robertson County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2015, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the fund balances of Robertson County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2015, and their respective cash receipts and disbursements, and budgetary results for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of Robertson County Fiscal Court. The budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement, however they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws.

The accompanying budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 09, 2015 on our consideration of Robertson County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Robertson County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comment and recommendation included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2015-001 The General Fund Owes The Road Fund \$74,650 From Prior Years

Respectfully submitted,

Teddy Michael Prater CPA, PLLC

December 09, 2015

ROBERTSON COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fiscal Court Members:

Stephanie A. Bogucki County Judge/Executive

Donnie Moore Magistrate
Terry Cracraft Magistrate
Terry L Norris Magistrate
Larry Jones Magistrate
Troy Martin Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Jesse Melcher County Attorney

Tim Wright Jailer

Joanie Jolly County Clerk

Tabitha Tilton Circuit Court Clerk

Mark Sutton Sheriff

Annette Lovins Property Valuation Administrator

John Thompson Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

James Myron Thomas County Treasurer

Jenny Fooks Chief Financial Officer

John Wagoner Road Supervisor

ROBERTSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

ROBERTSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

В	uc	lge	ted	ŀ	und	S
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		General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund
RECEIPTS						
Taxes	\$	287,424	\$		\$	
Intergovernmental		256,209		838,274		71,506
Charges for Services		30				953
Miscellaneous		120,922		11,155		1,729
Interest		2,862		90		
Total Receipts		667,447		849,519		74,188
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government		541,425		18,000		
Protection to Persons and Property		111,516				65,790
General Health and Sanitation		10,676				
Social Services						
Recreation and Culture		13,992				
Roads				257,131		
Debt Service						
Capital Projects						
Administration		169,350		135,063		14,761
Total Disbursements		846,959		410,194		80,551
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over						
Disbursements Before Other						
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(179,512)		439,325		(6,363)
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Transfers From Other Funds		147,751		3,800		
Transfers To Other Funds		(3,800)		(147,751)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		143,951		(143,951)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(35,561)		295,374		(6,363)
Fund Balance - Beginning		202,078		578,079		19,577
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	166,517	\$	873,453	\$	13,214
Composition of Fund Balance						
Bank Balances	\$	13,201	\$	8,678	\$	13,214
Less: Outstanding Checks	Ψ	(1,713)	4	(328)	Ŷ	10,211
Savings Accounts		55,029		415,103		
Certificates of Deposit		100,000		450,000		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	166,517	\$	873,453	\$	13,214
		*		*		

^{* -} See Note 11.

ROBERTSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Unbudgeted Fund		e Purpose ust Fund			
Public Properties Corporation Fund	Olo	Dowell I Folks Trust Fund	Total Funds		
\$ 208,714	\$	52	\$	287,424 1,374,755 983 133,806	
208,714		52	-	2,952 1,799,920	
206,714 14,194 2,000 222,908		92		559,425 177,306 10,676 92 13,992 257,131 206,714 14,194 321,174 1,560,704	
(14,194)		(40)		239,216	
				151,551 (151,551)	
(14,194) 14,194		(40) 1,235		239,216 815,163	
\$	\$	1,195	\$	1,054,379	
\$	\$	1,195	\$	36,288 (2,041) 470,132 550,000	
\$	\$	1,195	\$	1,054,379	

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ROBERTSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2015

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Robertson County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Robertson County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities, private purpose trust funds and internal service funds that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act as the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

C. Basis of Presentation

Budgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the General Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Budgeted Funds (Continued)

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the General Fund.

Unbudgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted fund:

Public Properties Corporation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the debt service requirements of the First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. The Department for Local Government does not require the fiscal court to report or budget this fund.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Public Properties Corporation Fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Robertson County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Robertson County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of Robertson County Fiscal Court.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

Note 2. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the fiscal court and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the fiscal court's deposits may not be returned. The fiscal court does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of June 30, 2015, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2015.

	G	eneral		Road		Total
	Fund		Fund		Transfers In	
General Fund	\$		\$	147,751	\$	147,751
Road Fund		3,800				3,800
Total Transfers Out	\$	3,800	\$	147,751	\$	151,551

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the General Fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them, and to partially repay the interfund receivable owed to the Road Fund.

Note 4. Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private-purpose trust funds, are used to report all trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The fiscal court has the following private purpose trust fund:

McDowell Old Folks Trust Fund - This private-purpose trust fund was established to benefit the senior citizens in Robertson County.

Note 5. Long-term Debt

A. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2008

On April 1, 2008, Robertson County Public Properties Corporation issued \$3,305,000 First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. The bonds were issued for the purpose of providing permanent financing for the construction of the Robertson County Justice Center. Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, beginning September 1, 2008. Principal payments are payable annually beginning March 1, 2009. Robertson County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with Administrative Office of the Courts in order to provide funding to meet annual debt service requirements. The total principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2015 was \$2,645,000. Future principal and interest requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Scheduled Interest
2016	\$	105,000	\$ 103,214
2017		110,000	99,539
2018		115,000	95,689
2019		115,000	91,434
2020		120,000	87,179
2021-2025		675,000	362,919
2026-2030		825,000	217,800
2031-2033		580,000	47,000
Totals	\$	2,645,000	\$ 1,104,774

B. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Revenue Bonds	\$ 2,745,000	\$	\$ 100,000	\$ 2,645,000	\$ 105,000
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 2,745,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 2,645,000	\$ 105,000

Note 6. Employee Retirement System

A. Plan Description

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous positions in the county. The Plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of the plan members under certain circumstances. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute six percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 17.67 percent.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Members contribute five percent (nonhazardous) of their annual creditable compensation and one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent (nonhazardous) employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

The county's contribution for FY 2013 was \$95.580, FY 2014 was \$88.493, and FY 2015 was \$81.707.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

Note 6. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

A. Plan Description

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

The Kentucky Retirement Systems issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

B. Net Pension Liability

As promulgated by GASB Statement No. 68 the total pension liability for CERS was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. The total net pension liability for all employers participating in CERS was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, measured as of the same date and is as follows: non-hazardous \$3,244,377,000 and hazardous \$1,201,825,000, for a total net pension liability of \$4,446,202,000 as of June 30, 2014.

Based on these requirements, Robertson County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2015 is:

	June	e 30, 2014	June	e 30, 2015
Hazardous	\$		\$	
Non-Hazardous		735,000		649,000
Totals	\$	735,000	\$	649,000

Note 7. Deferred Compensation

The Robertson County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 8. Health Reimbursement Account

All Robertson County employees who meet the requirements of the Personnel Policy for eligibility for health insurance as provided by Robertson County Fiscal Court, have the option to waive their right to health insurance and participate in a health reimbursement account. As of June 30, 2015, the fiscal court provided \$450 monthly to each employee participating in the health reimbursement account. As of June 30, 2015, the Health Reimbursement Account had an ending cash balance of \$20,266.

Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, Robertson County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 10. Related Party Transactions

Magistrate Terry Cracraft is the owner of Dee Jay Auto Parts, II, Inc., located in Mount Olivet, Kentucky. The fiscal court occasionally purchases from Dee Jay Auto Parts, II, Inc. The total spent during fiscal year 2015 was \$7,590.

Note 11. Interfund Receivable and Liability

The table below reflects fund balances after accounting for the receivable and liability between the Road Fund and General Fund that is not included on the financial statement prepared in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting:

	Gen	eral Fund	Road Fund			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	166,517	\$	873,453		
Interfund Receivable (Liability)		(74,650)		74,650		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	91,867	\$	948,103		

ROBERTSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

ROBERTSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

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	GENERAL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	\$	269,100	\$	269,100	\$	287,424	\$	18,324
Intergovernmental		226,215		226,215		256,209		29,994
Charges for Services		400		400		30		(370)
Miscellaneous		109,050		109,050		120,922		11,872
Interest		2,500		2,500		2,862		362
Total Receipts		607,265		607,265		667,447		60,182
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		568,927		610,040		541,425		68,615
Protection to Persons and Property		101,705		115,963		111,516		4,447
General Health and Sanitation		9,700		11,700		10,676		1,024
Social Services		1,000		1,000				1,000
Recreation and Culture		10,000		14,000		13,992		8
Capital Projects		4,000		4,000				4,000
Administration		249,684		188,313		169,350		18,963
Total Disbursements		945,016		945,016		846,959		98,057
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(337,751)		(337,751)		(179,512)		158,239
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		147,751		147,751		147,751		
Transfers To Other Funds		(10,000)		(10,000)		(3,800)		6,200
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		137,751		137,751		143,951		6,200
Net Change in Fund Balance		(200,000)		(200,000)		(35,561)		164,439
Fund Balance Beginning		200,000		200,000		202,078		2,078
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	166,517	\$	166,517

ROBERTSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)		
RECEIPTS		Original		Final		Dasis)		(Vegative)
Intergovernmental	\$	1,223,945	\$	1,223,945	\$	838,274	\$	(385,671)
Miscellaneous		9,500		9,500		11,155		1,655
Interest		2,000		2,000		90		(1,910)
Total Receipts		1,235,445		1,235,445		849,519		(385,926)
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		18,000		18,000		18,000		
Roads		1,121,700		1,122,700		257,131		865,569
Administration		597,994		596,994		135,063		461,931
Total Disbursements		1,737,694		1,737,694		410,194		1,327,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(502,249)		(502,249)		439,325		941,574
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds						3,800		3,800
Transfers To Other Funds		(147,751)		(147,751)		(147,751)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(147,751)		(147,751)		(143,951)		3,800
Net Change in Fund Balance		(650,000)		(650,000)		295,374		945,374
Fund Balance Beginning		650,000		650,000		578,079		(71,921)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	873,453	\$	873,453

ROBERTSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Basis)	(]	Vegative)
RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental	\$	80,200	\$	80,200	\$	71,506	\$	(8,694)
Charges for Services		3,500		3,500		953		(2,547)
Miscellaneous		4,500		4,500		1,729		(2,771)
Total Receipts	-	88,200		88,200		74,188		(14,012)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Protection to Persons and Property		88,753		91,611		65,790		25,821
Administration		24,447		21,589		14,761		6,828
Total Disbursements		113,200		113,200		80,551		32,649
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(25,000)		(25,000)		(6,363)		18,637
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		10,000		10,000				(10,000)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		10,000		10,000				(10,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,000)		(15,000)		(6,363)		8,637
Fund Balance Beginning		15,000		15,000		19,577		4,577
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	13,214	\$	13,214

ROBERTSON COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2015

Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

ROBERTSON COUNTY SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

ROBERTSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

The fiscal court reports the following schedule of capital assets:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 120,000	\$	\$	\$ 120,000
Buildings	5,693,538			5,693,538
Vehicles	338,177			338,177
Machinery and Equipment	574,695	14,032		588,727
Infrastructure	2,971,058			2,971,058
Total Carital Assats	¢ 0.607.469	\$ 14.032	¢	¢ 0.711.500
Total Capital Assets	\$ 9,697,468	\$ 14,032	\$	\$ 9,711,500

ROBERTSON COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2015

Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Cap	oitalization	Useful Life	
	T	hreshold	(Years)	
Land and Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-60	
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-10	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	5	
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50	

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

TEDDY MICHAEL PRATER CPA, PLLC HC 62 Box 291 Salyersville, KY 41465 Telephone (606) 349-8042

The Honorable Stephanie A. Bogucki, Robertson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Billy R. Allison, Former Robertson County Judge/Executive Members of the Robertson County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Robertson County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Robertson County Fiscal Court's financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated December 09, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Robertson County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Robertson County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Robertson County Fiscal Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Robertson County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying comment and recommendation as item 2015-001.

County Judge/Executive's Response to Finding

The Robertson County Judge/Executive's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying comment and recommendation. The County Judge/Executive's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Teddy Michael Prater CPA, PLLC

December 09, 2015

ROBERTSON COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

ROBERTSON COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS:

2015-001 The General Fund Owes The Road Fund \$74,650 From Prior Years

In prior years, \$96,500 of restricted Road Funds was transferred to the General Fund in excess of the approved amount, creating a receivable and liability between the funds. The excess amount had not been repaid as of the fiscal year end June 30, 2009. As of FY 2009-2010, excess transfers from the Road Fund to the General Fund were no longer being made. The fiscal court has made periodic payments from the General Fund to the Road Fund to reduce the liability to \$74,650 as of June 30, 2015. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, fund balances are not adjusted for the unpaid liability. However, prior year audited balances had been adjusted for the receivable and liability; therefore, beginning balances as reported in the current audit have been adjusted to reflect the correct balances for the General Fund and Road Fund in Note 11 of the Notes to the Financial Statement. We recommend the General Fund liability be paid as money becomes available.

County Judge/Executive's Response: Will continue to make payments when court approves.